#### **Behavioral Health Guidelines for Risk Communication**

# BE FIRST. BE RIGHT. BE CREDIBLE. BE EMPATHETIC.

Building trust and conveying messages of hope and recovery is critical to the emotional well-being of persons affected by the disaster and the general public.

The public's emotional well-being is affected by the messages you deliver.

### Your messages should:

- Begin with a statement of empathy.
- o Provide reassurance through fact-based information.
- o Counter rumors.
- Encourage safe, adaptive and cooperative behavior.
- o Promote self-care strategies for stress management.
- Emphasize resilience.

#### During a period of uncertainty and unconfirmed threat, communication should:

- Reassure
- Foster Confidence & Coping
- o Promote Preparedness

#### During an event communication should:

- Reassure
- Foster Confidence & Coping
- Empower
- Encourage People to Reconnect

#### **During recovery** communication should:

- Foster Resilience
- o Empower
- Encourage Community Cohesion
- Commemorate

#### Reference:

Missouri Department of Mental Health Office of Disaster Readiness. (2006) Disaster Communications Guidebook - Communicating in a crisis: Promoting trust, cooperation, & emotional well-being through risk communication. U.S.

Department of Health and Human Services. (2005). Terrorism and other public health emergencies: A reference guide for media. Office of the assistant secretary for public affairs: Washington, D.C. Retrieved April 23, 2007 from <a href="http://www.hhs.gov/emergency">http://www.hhs.gov/emergency</a>

DeWolfe, D. J., & Nordboe, D. (2000). SAMHSA field manual for mental health and human services workers in major disasters. Retrieved March 7, 2007, from <a href="http://www.mentalhealth.samhsa.gov/publications/allpubs/ADM90-537/fmrisk.asp">http://www.mentalhealth.samhsa.gov/publications/allpubs/ADM90-537/fmrisk.asp</a>

## TWEET:

140 characters with spaces

Formula for calculating character count for re-tweets:

140 - # characters in the User name + 4 (rt @)